Tutoring as a Safe Space

Constructing Psychological Safety for Your Student

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Today: I. Our brains and stress II. Impacts of tutoring relationships III. What promotes "safety" during tutoring? IV. Strategies and ideas



Social Emotional Check-in

Calm & peaceful place visualization

How does it look? How does it sound? How does it smell?



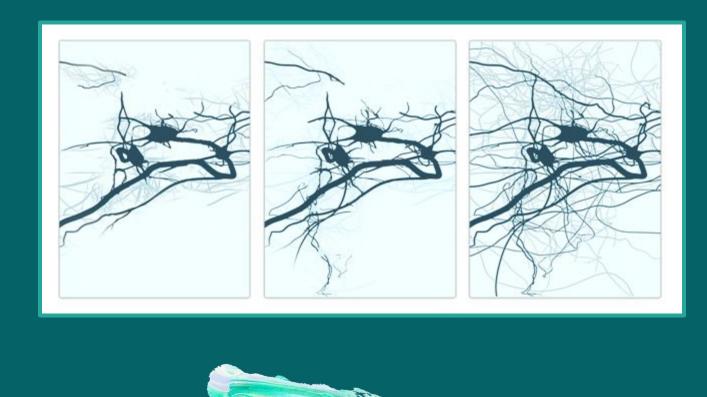




School on Wheels Mission

To enhance educational opportunities for children who are experiencing homelessness from kindergarten through twelfth grade.

When our brains feel safe we are ready to learn.



Stress systems in our brains: Reptile vs. Logical

Amygdala or "reptile brain": Produces feelings of fear, anger, anxiety, intense joy.

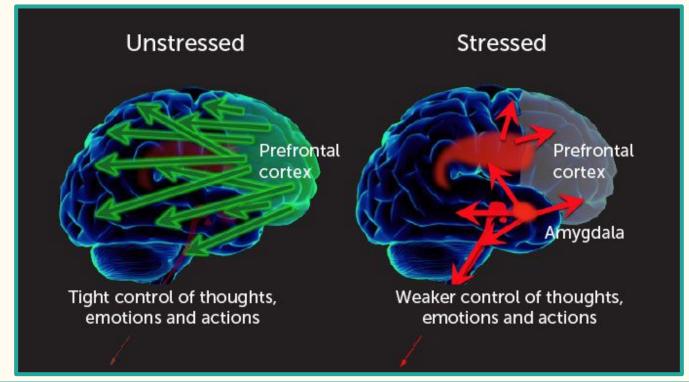
• Makes us feel our emotions physically AND be aware of them.



Prefrontal cortex or "logical brain": Allows us to control our emotions, think logically, learn, socialize, predict & plan.

• We can practice every day to strengthen these abilities!

Stress systems in our brains





Applying the Science of Toxic Stress to Transform Outcomes

with Nadine Burke Harris, Surgeon General of California



The bears we face

Poverty Homelessness COVID-19

Tutoring as a safe space

Our students are going through a period of upheaval, transition, fear and possibly grief.

"The virus is disrupting many of the supports that can help vulnerable kids stay in school: academic engagement and achievement, **strong relationships with caring adults**, and supportive home environments."





HAPPY

SAO

FEAR



INTERESTED

LONELY



= MY FEELINGS CHART =

TODAY I AM FEELING

PROUD

ASHAMED

WORRIED

JUDGEMENTAL



BORED

OVERWHELMED





T

IGNOREO



REJECTED



LOATHING



How I am feeling?



ANXIOUS



DISAPPOINTED





AVDIDANT

FRUSTRATED

IRRITATED

SARCASTIC











Our stress response

Stress isn't bad!

We're supposed to feel stress (get stretched out like a rubber band) and then relax again.



This makes us **resilient**.





Resilience is...

Ability to get back up again.

Resilience is **not**:



Resilience leads to...

- Better learning
- Better health
- Positive relationships



The single most common factor for children who develop resilience is at least one stable and committed relationship with a supportive parent, caregiver, or other adult.

Center on the Developing Child, Harvard University

Social Emotional Check-in

FEEL CALM ALL OVER

This Monday, try a mindfulness body scan to ease tense muscles and let stress drift away.

DeStressMonday.org

1. Sit quietly or lie down.

2. Start at one end of your body and focus on each body part.

3. Notice any areas of tension then soften and relax.

4. Continue until your whole body feels completely relaxed.



#DeStressMonday

TENSE AND RELEASE

- Starting at the feet, gently squeeze the muscles in the feet by tightening them, then slowly releasing.
- Next, squeeze the large muscles in the calves for 5 seconds, then gently release. Working your way up the body, squeeze the thigh muscles for 5 seconds then gently release.
- Continue moving up the body for more relaxation.



Impacts of tutoring relationships

<u>Positive Childhood Experiences</u>: "At least 2 nonparent adults who took genuine interest in me"

<u>Benevolent Childhood Experiences</u>: "An adult (not a parent/caregiver...) who could provide you with support or advice"

Mentoring Process Scale:

- Role modeling
- Advocacy
- Relationship & emotional support
- Teaching & providing information
 Shared activity

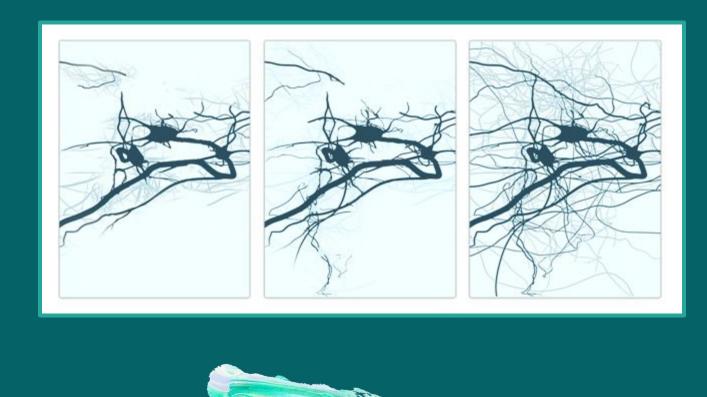
Measuring Key Processes in Youth Mentoring

What promotes safety during tutoring?

Routine & consistency

How?

- Keep showing up!
- Consistency helps students use their brain power for learning.
 - Predictability lowers stress.
 - Practice creates automatic habits.



Routine & consistency

Within your structure & routine, give students options!

- Routine should include a chance to connect with you and time for learning (including homework as needed).
- During time for learning, introduce new ideas and try new activities.
- Offer 2-5 options to your student.
- Have fun!

Support your student to fill up their coping toolbox.

Help students develop independent strategies

How?

- Make it part of your tutoring routine to try a strategy together each session.
- Model for them in age-appropriate ways.
- Talk directly about coping strategies or filling your toolbox.

What works for you to manage uncomfortable emotions or big challenges?

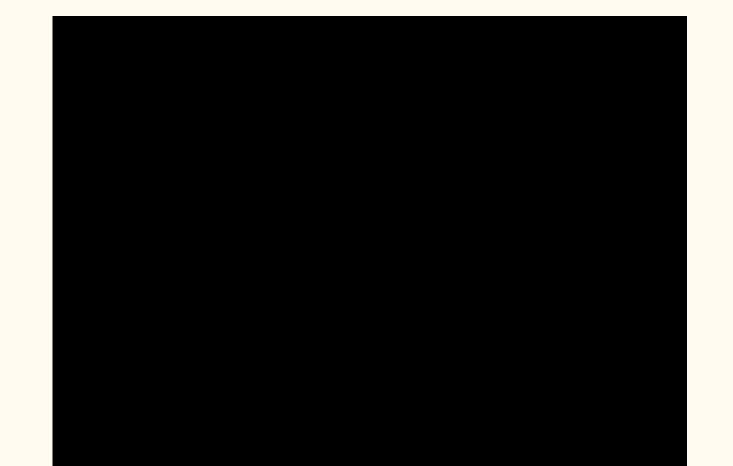


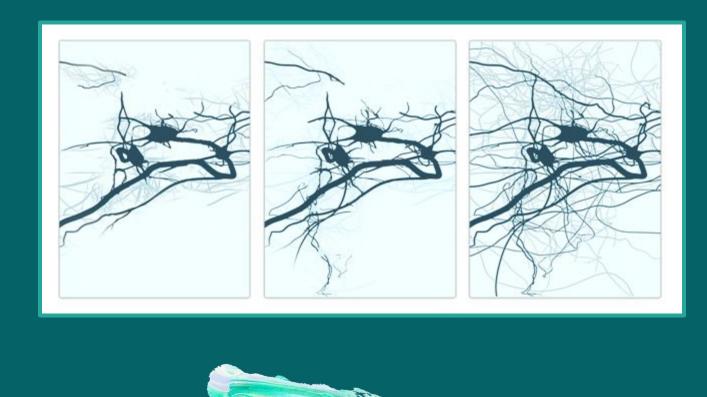


Self-care battery

- What is **1 thing** that **recharges** your **battery**?
- What is **1 thing** that **recharges** your student's **battery**?
- What is **1 thing** that **drains** your **battery**?
- What is **1 thing** that **drains** your student's **battery**?

What percent is your battery at right now? What's affecting your energy level?







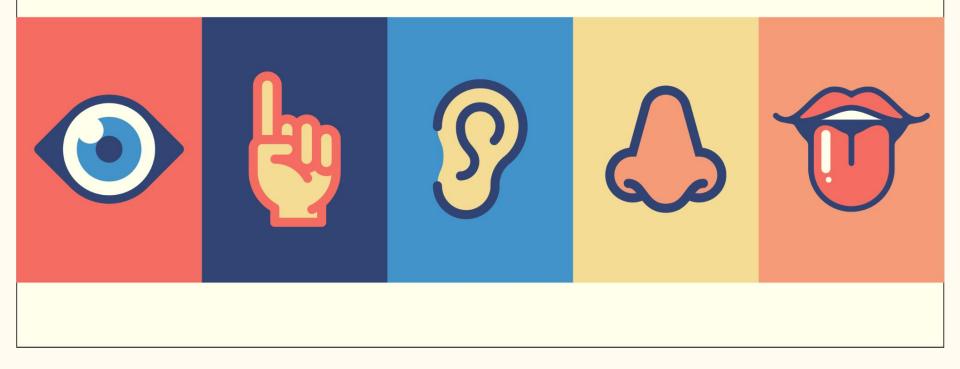
Mindfulness is...

- A moment that's calm inside your mind.
- Focusing on the present.
- Not judging yourself.

Mindfulness is different for everyone.

The 5-4-3-2-1 Coping Technique

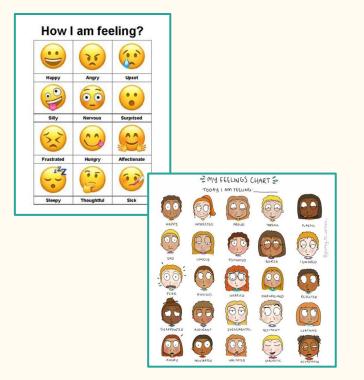
Ease your state of mind in stressful moments.



Why is it so important to name feelings?

Increase in emotional awareness

- Better communication with family, peers, and teachers
- Empathy
- Normalizes feelings
- Recognizing misunderstandings
- Forces the logical part of our brain to help process the feeling





https://www.yourtherapysource.com/product/school-sensory-motor/

EXERCISES FOR NECK & SHOULDER PAIN

Neck Retraction

Stand up straight and make sure to keep your eyes level. Bring your head back by pressing gently on your chin. Return to normal. Repeat 15 times.



Head Drop

Lower you head with chin to chest. Go back to neutral. Lean your head back. Return to neutral. Repeat 10 times.



Lean ear to shoulder while keeping your shoulders square. Repeat 10 times on both sides



Shoulder Roll

Rotate your shoulders up and around in a circular motion. Switch direction. Do each side for 30 seconds.



Shoulder Shrug

Shrug your shoulders to your ears and hold for three seconds. Rest. Repeat 10 times.



Shoulder Blade Squeeze

Clasp hands behind your back while keeping neck and shoulders relaxed. Pull shoulders down and rotate elbows inward. Hold for five seconds. Repeat five times.

Takeaways: I. When our brains feel safe we are ready to learn. II. You matter to your student in the long term! III. Be consistent. IV. Strategies and ideas

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