Zoos Through the Ages

1. **captivity** [Noun] cap•tiv•i•ty
   Sentence: The behavior of wild animals often becomes unnatural when they are in captivity.
   Definition: the state of being confined or without freedom

2. **enrichment** [Noun]
   Sentence: Giving a captive polar bear a pile of ice to lie on is a form of enrichment.
   Definition: something that improves quality of life and provides stimulation for the senses for zoo animals

3. **intrusive** [Adjective]
   Sentence: Asking people how much money they make is often considered intrusive, or nosy.
   Definition: related to something that is uninvited, unwanted, or disturbing

4. **perception** [Noun] per•cep•tion
   Sentence: The perception of people over the age of fifty as old is inaccurate.
   Definition: the way in which something is viewed, understood, or interpreted by others

5. **respite** [Noun] re•spite
   Sentence: I go to a park at lunchtime to have a respite from being inside all day.
   Definition: a short rest from or delay of something unpleasant or difficult

6. **zoo** [Noun] zoo
   Sentence: I like to watch the bears at the zoo.
   Definition: a park with wild animals

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captivity
(noun)

1. People in **captivity** are being held or confined in such a way that they have no freedom.
2. A wild animal living in **captivity** is caged or has its freedom restricted in another way.
3. A person held in a prison or dungeon is in **captivity**.

enrichment
(noun)

1. **Enrichment** is anything provided to a zoo animal to keep it stimulated and prevent boredom.
2. One example of **enrichment** is zookeepers hiding food that animals must search for.
3. Zoo animals do much better with habitat **enrichment** than without it.

intrusive
(adjective)

1. You might use the word ***intrusive*** to describe someone who asks very personal questions or enters your room without permission.
2. When I am around **intrusive**, or nosy, people, I make extra effort to set limits and say no.
3. Certain kinds of training can allow zookeepers to provide less **intrusive** care to zoo animals.

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perception
(noun)

1. Public **perception** is the way in which something is viewed, understood, or interpreted by the general public.
2. The idea that movie stars are better or more perfect than other people is a false **perception**, or impression.
3. Public **perception** of zoos is shifting in focus from entertainment to conservation.

respite
(noun)

1. A **respite** is a short rest from something unpleasant or difficult, or something that becomes boring when done every day.
2. People take vacations to have a **respite**, or break, from their regular routines.
3. In the 1800s, zoos became popular because they offered people a **respite** from their daily lives.

zoo
(noun)

1. A **zoo** is a park where wild animals live and can be watched by visitors.
2. The animals at a **zoo** are in cages and other closed areas.
3. A zookeeper works at a **zoo**.

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Name: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Record a vocabulary word in each word box. Then write a synonym and an antonym, draw a picture, and define each word. Use each word in a sentence on the back of this worksheet.

Word	Picture
_____	

_____
Synonym

_____
Antonym

Definition _____

_____

Word	Picture
_____	

_____
Synonym

_____
Antonym

Definition _____

_____

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captivity

the state of being confined or without freedom
(noun)

enrichment

something that improves quality of life and provides stimulation for the senses for zoo animals
(noun)

intrusive

related to something that is uninvited, unwanted, or disturbing
(adjective)

perception

the way in which something is viewed, understood, or interpreted by others
(noun)

respite

a short rest from or delay of something unpleasant or difficult
(noun)

zoo

a park with wild animals
(noun)

Name: _____

An **analogy** shows a relationship between two sets of words. The words in the first pair must have the same relationship as the words in the second pair. To complete an analogy with a missing word, you must first discover the relationship between the completed pair. (Example: *Cat is to meow as dog is to bark.*)

cow trip competition digest interpret achieve

INSTRUCTIONS: Determine the relationship between the first pair of words. Then use the words in the word box to complete the second pair of words.

1. **Enrichment** is to *enrich* ...as... **achievement** is to _____.
2. **Intrusive** is to *intrude* ...as... **digestive** is to _____.
3. **Captivity** is to *freedom* ...as... **cooperation** is to _____.
4. **Perception** is to *perceive* ...as... **interpretation** is to _____.

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Name: _____

An **analogy** shows a relationship between two sets of words. The words in the first pair must have the same relationship as the words in the second pair. To complete an analogy with a missing word, you must first discover the relationship between the completed pair. (Example: *Cat is to meow as dog is to bark.*)

interpret	trip	achieve	competition	cow	digest

INSTRUCTIONS: Determine the relationship between the first pair of words. Then use the words in the word box to complete the second pair of words.

5. **Zoo** is to *monkey* ...as... **farm** is to _____.

6. **Respite** is to *rest* ...as... **voyage** is to _____.

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Name: _____

enrichment	zoo	respite	perception	captivity	intrusive

INSTRUCTIONS: Use the vocabulary words in the word box above to complete the sentences below.

1. The behavior of wild animals often becomes unnatural when they are in _____.
2. Giving a captive polar bear a pile of ice to lie on is a form of _____.
3. Asking people how much money they make is often considered _____, or nosy.
4. The _____ of people over the age of fifty as old is inaccurate.

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Name: _____

respite	intrusive	captivity	perception	zoo	enrichment

INSTRUCTIONS: Use the vocabulary words in the word box above to complete the sentences below.

5. I go to a park at lunchtime to have a _____ from being inside all day.

6. I like to watch the bears at the _____.

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INSTRUCTIONS: Assign one or more of the following activities to reinforce the function of nouns.

NOUNS

Draw a Picture

Materials: Word cards; box or envelope; paper; pencils, markers, or crayons

Place all the word cards in a box or envelope. Have students pull out a word card and draw a picture of the chosen word. Encourage them to draw a picture that illustrates the word's meaning.

Make a Picture Dictionary

Materials: Paper; pencils, markers, or crayons

Have students create a picture dictionary for the word list by writing their own definitions and drawing their own illustrations in their book.

Make a Sentence

Materials: Word cards, box or envelope, strips of paper

Place all the word cards in a box or envelope. Have students pull out a word card and use their chosen word to create a written or oral sentence.

Match a Word

Materials: Word cards, tape, box or envelope

Place all the word cards in a box or envelope. Have students pull out a word card and tape it onto an object in the classroom using the word as a label.

Mime It!

Materials: Word cards, box or envelope

Place all the word cards in a box or envelope. Have students pull out a word card and act it out. Have classmates try to guess the word.

Pick a Synonym or Antonym

Materials: Word cards

Place all the word cards in a box or envelope. Have students pull out a word card and give a synonym or an antonym for the chosen word. (You may choose to omit words that do not have synonyms or antonyms, or you may choose to include them as points of discussion.)

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Name: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Use what you know about the vocabulary words to complete the following sentences.

1. Being in **captivity** means _____.
2. Public **perception** is _____.
3. I would enjoy a **respite** from _____.
4. A person who is **intrusive** _____.
5. **Enrichment** provides zoo animals with _____.
6. At the **zoo**, I can see _____.

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Name: _____

INSTRUCTIONS: Choose the best answer to complete each statement.

1. What is the opposite of *captivity*?
   - ⓐ *imprisonment*
   - ⓑ *responsibility*
   - ⓒ *freedom*

2. The term *enrichment* relates to the treatment of _____.
   - ⓐ medical experiments
   - ⓑ captive animals
   - ⓒ wildlife

3. What is a synonym for *intrusive*?
   - ⓐ *pleasant*
   - ⓑ *nosy*
   - ⓒ *inviting*

4. A perception is a way in which something is _____.
   - ⓐ removed
   - ⓑ written
   - ⓒ interpreted

5. What is a respite?
   - ⓐ a speech
   - ⓑ a break
   - ⓒ a job

6. What is a zoo made for?
   - ⓐ plants
   - ⓑ people
   - ⓒ animals

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